US Economic Research 19 September 2024



U.S. Data Review

- · Unemployment claims: both initial and continuing claims declined
- Existing home sales: activity mired in the low end of the long-term range

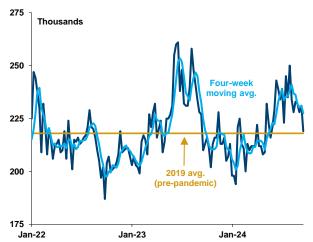
Lawrence Werther Brendan Stuart

Daiwa Capital Markets America lawrence.werther@us.daiwacm.combrendan.stuart@us.daiwacm.com

Unemployment Claims

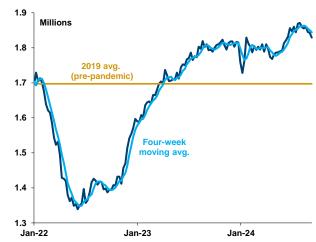
- Initial claims for unemployment insurance dropped notably in the week ending September 14, decreasing 12,000 to 219,000 (the lowest value observed since late May of this year). Concurrently, the four-week moving average -- a measure that helps smooth out volatility observed in claims -- dipped for the fifth time in the past six weeks, falling by 3,500 to 227,500. Following the latest performance, claims are now only marginally above the 2019 pre-pandemic average of 218,000 (a period when the labor market was viewed as firm; chart, below left). That is to say, while the labor market appears to have lost its edge, the results indicate that conditions are stabilizing.
- Continuing claims also moved lower, decreasing 14,000 to 1.829 million in the week ending September 7. The four-week
 moving average declined in tandem, falling by 6,500 to 1.844 million. Claims have remained above the 2019 prepandemic average of 1.697 million since March 2023, but this softening appears consistent with a rebalancing in a
 previously tight labor market rather than disorderly deterioration (chart, below right).

Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance



Source: U.S. Department of Labor via Haver Analytics

Continuing Claims for Unemployment Insurance

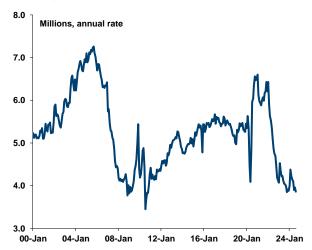


Source: U.S. Department of Labor via Haver Analytics

Existing Home Sales

• Sales of existing homes fell 2.5 percent to 3.86 million, annual rate, in August (a reading slightly below the Bloomberg median expectation of 3.90 million units). The fifth decline in activity in the past six months left sales at the second slowest pace in the current expansion (current bottom of 3.85 million in October 2023) and in the low end of the longer-term range (chart). Affordability constraints intensified by tight inventories continue to hinder activity in the market, with a broader recovery unlikely to occur until conditions tilt more significantly in favor of buyers. In that regard, the initiation of the monetary policy easing cycle on Wednesday by the Federal Reserve could pave the way for a pickup in activity as lower mortgage rates broaden the pool of prospective buyers.

Existing Home Sales



Source: National Association of Realtors via Haver Analytics

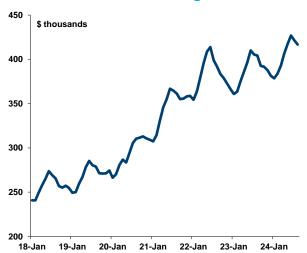
This report is issued by Daiwa Securities Group Inc. through its relevant group companies. Daiwa Securities Group Inc. is the global brand name of Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd., Tokyo ("Daiwa Securities") and its subsidiaries worldwide that are authorized to do business within their respective jurisdictions. These include: Daiwa Capital Markets Hong Kong Ltd. (Hong Kong), regulated by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission, Daiwa Capital Markets Europe Limited (London), regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and a member of the London Stock Exchange, and Daiwa Capital Markets America Inc. (New York), a U.S. brokerdealer registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, a futures commission merchant regulated by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, and a primary dealer in U.S. government securities. The data contained in this report were taken from statistical services, reports in our possession, and from other sources believed to be reliable. The opinions and estimates expressed are our own, and we make no representation or guarantee either as to accuracy, completeness or as to the existence of other facts or interpretations that might be significant.



Coupled with the drop in activity, the median sales price fell 1.1 percent month-over-month, the second consecutive
decline. That said, the latest decrease left the median price at \$416,700, still only \$10,200 off the record high of \$426,900
in June 2024. On a year-over-year basis, the measure was up 3.1 percent (versus +3.9 percent in the prior month; charts
below).

Median Sales Price of Existing Homes

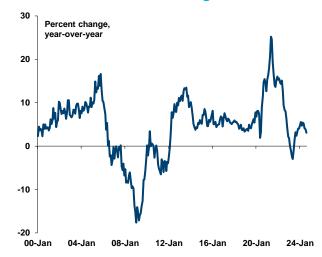
US



Source: National Association of Realtors via Haver Analytics

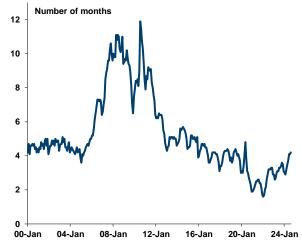
• While tight inventories have both supported high prices and constrained sales, hints of improvement on the supply-side have emerged recently. The inventory of homes available for sale rose 0.7 percent month-overmonth to 1.35 million (+22.7 percent year-over-year). The latest reading translated to a months' supply of 4.2 months at the current sales pace. The August reading was up from 4.1 months in July and the record low of 1.6 months in January 2022. Even so, the inventory situation still remains constrained from a longer-term perspective (chart).

Median Sales Price of Existing Homes



Source: National Association of Realtors via Haver Analytics

Months' Supply of Unsold Homes



Source: National Association of Realtors via Haver Analytics